# 数学与系统科学研究院 计算数学所学术报告

#### <u>报告人</u>: Prof. Frank Nijhoff

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### <u>报告题目</u>:

#### Elliptic orthogonal polynomials and a higher-order generalization of the discrete-time Toda equation

### <u>邀请人</u>: 胡星标研究员

# <u>报告时间</u>: 2011 年 4 月 12 日(周二) 下午 15: 30

<u>报告地点</u>: 科技综合楼三层 **301** 计算数学所小报告厅

#### Abstract:

It is well known (actually since Frobenius) that adjacent families orthogonal polynomials for arbitrary weights or measures lead to a bilinear relation for the correspondingh Hankel determinants identical to the discrete-time Toda equation. which is We generalize this construction to the case of elliptic orthogonal polynomials, i.e., adjacent families of 2-variable formally orthogonal polynomials restricted to an elliptic curve. Thus an quadrilinear 11-point equation is found constituting a higher-order analogue of the discrete-time Toda equation. We discuss also the connection to the famous and quotient-difference (QD) algorithm and its generlization to the elliptic case (the so-called QQD algorithm).

This work is in collaboration with P. Spicer and P. Van der Kamp.

欢迎大家参加!