数学与系统科学研究院 计算数学所学术报告

<u>报告人</u>: Dr. Pauline Tan

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报告题目:

Alternating proximal gradient descent for nonconvex regularised problems with biconvex and multiconvex coupling terms

邀请人: 刘歆 副研究员

<u>报告时间</u>: 2017 年 9 月 19 日(周二) 下午 16:30-17:30

<u>报告地点</u>: 科技综合楼三层 **311**报告厅

Abstract:

There is an increasing interest in nonconvex regularized block biconvex / multiconvex optimization problems, especially after the very successful schemes proposed by Xu and Yin in 2013, followed by many works. These schemes are based on alternate proximal linearized gradient descent where the proximity operators are computed with respect to simple regularization terms. This work treats a very wide class of nonconvex regularized block biconvex / multiconvex optimization problems where the coupling term is smooth and multiconvex and the (non)convex regularizers are smooth on the domain of the objective function. We propose a simple algorithm that successfully exploits the biconvex / multiconvex structure of the coupling term. We use alternate proximal linearized gradient descent where the proximity operators are taken with respect to the always "prox-friendly" coupling term. This is the main factor for the simplicity of the algorithm where iterates are always defined and for the uniquely possibility to use rich application-dependent regularization terms (which can be impossible with the existing proximal linearized gradient methods). Global convergence of the algorithm to a critical point is proved using the so-called Kurdyka-Lojasiewicz property for subanalytic functions. In particular, we prove that a large class of useful objective functions obeying our assumptions are subanalytic and thus enjoy the KL property. Two particular applications of the algorithm to big-data air-born sequences of images are already used by our industrial partner ONERA.

This talk is based on a joint work with Mila Nikolova (CMLA, ENS Paris-Saclay).

欢迎大家参加!